

SEEDS OF SUCCESS FIELD DATA FORM

Seed Collection Ref. Number:	NCBG - 555		Collector Code:	NCBG	
Date(s) Collected (MM/DD/YY):	09/29/16		Collector Name(s):	JD, ALF	
			Collection Number:	555	
			Alt. Collection Number:	ALF - 544	
COLLECTION DATA					
Family:	CYPERACEAE		No. of Plants Sampled (min. 50):	50	
Genus:	FIMBRISTYLIS		No. of Plants Found (approx.):	1000+	
Species:	ANNUA		Area Sampled (acres):	1	
Subspecies/Variety:	—		Seeds Collected From:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plants <input type="checkbox"/> Ground <input type="checkbox"/> Both <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown	
Plant Habit:	Tree Shrub Forb Succulent <u>Grass/Grasslike</u>		Plant Height (feet):	6	
Field Notes to assist in identification of pressed specimen (e.g. flower color):					
Common Name(s) of Plants:	ANNUAL FIMBRY		NRCS PLANTS Code:	FIAN	
LOCATION DATA					
Ecoregion (Omernik Level III):	63		State:	NC	
Subunit (BLM area, park name, etc.):	ALLIGATOR RIVER NWK		Area within Subunit (trail name, etc.):	MASHOES RD	
Land Owner:	US FWS		Non-BLM Permission Filed:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N	
Location Details:	FROM MANTO, NC, TAKE US-64 W 7.2 MILES. TURN RIGHT ONTO MASHOES RD. IN 1.1 MILES, POPULATION IS ON RIGHT.				
Source Used:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GPS <input type="checkbox"/> Map <input type="checkbox"/> None		Accuracy:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GPS <input type="checkbox"/> Within 5km <input type="checkbox"/> 6-20km <input type="checkbox"/> More than 20km	
GPS Datum:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NAD83 <input type="checkbox"/> NAD27 <input type="checkbox"/> WGS84 <input type="checkbox"/> Other:				
Latitude (dg/min/sec) (ex: 40° 34' 19.5" N):	35° 54' 58.5"		N	Elevation:	3
Longitude (dg/min/sec) (ex: 107° 36' 51.54" W):	75° 47' 16.8"		W	Unit (ft or m):	FT
HABITAT DATA					
Associated Species (Scientific Name):	SCIRPUS CYPERINUS, PANICUM VIRGATUM, AGRALIS PURPUREA, ANDROPOGON VIRGINICUS, DINUS SEROTINA, SAGITTARIA LANOIFOLIA, VALL. MEDIA, MORELLA CERIFERA				
Ecological Site Description, Habitat Type and/or National Vegetation Classification:	WOOLGRASS WET MEADOW				
Modifying Factors:	Mowed Burned Grazed <u>Flooded</u> Seeded Trampled Other:				
Land Form:	WET MEADOW		Slope (degrees):	0-2	

Land Use:	<u>CONSERVATION / RECREATION</u>		Aspect:	<u>N NE E SE S SW W NW</u>
Geology:	<u>FINE-LOAMY OVER SANDY OR SANDY-SKELETAL, SILICEOUS, SEMI-ACTIVE, THERMIC TYPIC UMBRAQUOLTS</u>			
Soil Texture:	<u>Clay Silt Sand Other: SANDY LOAM</u>	Soil Color:	<u>10 YR 2/1</u>	
HERBARIUM VOUCHERS				
Number of pressed specimens:	<u>2</u>	Date Voucher Taken:	<u>09/29/16</u>	
Herbaria Names (Smithsonian, Regional, Local):	<u>NCU, US</u>			
SPECIALIST IDENTIFICATION				
Identified by (name and organizational affiliation):		<u>AMANDA FAUCETTE</u>		
Material Identified:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>In Field</u> From Pressed Specimen on Day of Collection <input type="checkbox"/> From Pressed Specimen on Another Date <input type="checkbox"/> From Photograph		Date Identified (MM/DD/YY):	<u>09/29/16</u>

PRE-COLLECTION CHECKLIST

This section is for your reference only and not required as part of the data collected by the SOS National Coordinating Office. The conditions indicated in **boldface** describe ideal population size and seed dispersal stage for seed collecting.

Assess Population & Seed Dispersal Stage				
Approximate area of population:	<u>x</u>	(feet, yards, miles.....)		
Approximate total number of individual plants present and accessible:	<u>0-50</u>	<u>50-500</u>	<u>500-5000</u>	<u>> 5000</u>
Evidence of disturbance or damage:	<u>Resown</u>	<u>Burnt</u>	<u>Sprayed</u>	No damage
Readiness of population for collecting: give percentages or circle the most frequently occurring: <u>Vegetative</u> <u>In flower</u> <u>Immature seeds</u> Around natural dispersal <u>Post dispersal</u>				
Estimate the number of individual plants at natural dispersal stage:	<u><50</u>	<u>>50</u>		
Is the population: <u>A single population</u> <u>A population with distinct sub-populations</u> (Can you sample separately or from the most suitable?)				
Assess Seed Quality & Availability				
On a typical individual, where on the plant/branch/fruit is the seed at natural dispersal stage: Recognized				
Using a cut test on the seeds at this stage, give percentages or circle the most frequently occurring: Healthy <u>Insect-damaged</u> <u>Empty</u> <u>Moldy</u> <u>Malformed/other damage</u>				
Estimate the number of healthy seeds per fruit:				
Estimate the number of fruits per individual plant:				
Should Seed Be Collected On This Trip?				
Using the above information, if you only collect 20% of the healthy seeds available today, will this result in a collection of >10,000 healthy seeds?				