

**SEEDS OF SUCCESS FIELD DATA FORM**

Seed Collection Ref. Number:	NCBG-310	Collector Code:	NCBG
Date(s) Collected (MM/DD/YY):	09/22/15, 09/23/15	Collector Name(s):	EDRISKILL, L. MAYNARD
		Collection Number:	310
		Alt. Collection Number:	ED-28

**COLLECTION DATA**

Family:	LAURACEAE	No. of Plants Sampled (min. 50):	105
Genus:	LINDERA	No. of Plants Found (approx.):	5000
Species:	BENZON	Area Sampled (acres):	30
Subspecies/Variety:		Seeds Collected From:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plants <input type="checkbox"/> Ground <input type="checkbox"/> Both <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown
Plant Habit:	Tree <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shrub <input type="checkbox"/> Forb <input type="checkbox"/> Succulent <input type="checkbox"/> Grass/Grasslike	Plant Height (feet):	5-9 ft
Field Notes to assist in identification of pressed specimen (e.g. flower color):			
Common Name(s) of Plants:	SPICEBUSH	NRCS PLANTS Code:	LIBE3

**LOCATION DATA**

Ecoregion (Omernik Level III):	105	State:	VA	County:	PRINCE WILLIAM
Subunit (BLM area, park name, etc.):	LEESYLVANIA STATE PARK	Area within Subunit (trail name, etc.):			
Land Owner:	VA DEPT OF CONSERVATION & RECREATION	Non-BLM Permission Filed:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N		
Location Details:	FROM ENTRANCE GATE ON DANIEL K. LUDWIG DR., CONTINUE S FOR 1.1 MILES, TURN RIGHT, GO 0.1 MILES, POPULATION ON LEFT.				
Source Used:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GPS <input type="checkbox"/> Map <input type="checkbox"/> None	Accuracy:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GPS <input type="checkbox"/> Within 5km <input type="checkbox"/> 6-20km <input type="checkbox"/> More than 20km		
GPS Datum:	NAD83 <input type="checkbox"/> NAD27 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WGS84 <input type="checkbox"/> Other:				
Latitude (dg/min/sec) (ex: 40° 34' 19.5" N):	38° 35' 08.9"	N	Elevation:	①	
Longitude (dg/min/sec) (ex: 107° 36' 51.54" W):	77° 15' 24.0"	W	Unit (ft or m):	ft	

**HABITAT DATA**

Associated Species (Scientific Name):	HIBISCUS MOSCHEOTOS, LIQUIDAMBAR STYRACIFLUA, MICROSTEGIUM VIMINEUM CORNUS FLORIDA, SMILAX ROTUNDIFOLIA, ASIMINA TILLOBA				
Ecological Site Description, Habitat Type and/or National Vegetation Classification:	MESIC HARDWOOD FOREST				
Modifying Factors:	Mowed <input type="checkbox"/> Burned <input type="checkbox"/> Grazed <input type="checkbox"/> Flooded <input type="checkbox"/> Seeded <input type="checkbox"/> Trampled <input type="checkbox"/> Other: N/A				
Land Form:	WOODLAND EDGE	Slope (degrees):	①-2°		

Land Use:	CONSERVATION/RECREATION	Aspect:	N NE E SE S SW W NW
Geology:	CLAYEY, MONTMORILLONITIC, THERMIC AQUIC HAPLUDULTS		
Soil Texture:	Clay Silt Sand Other: LOAM	Soil Color:	10 YR 3/2

### HERBARIUM VOUCHERS

Number of pressed specimens:	2	Date Voucher Taken:	9/23/2015
Herbaria Names (Smithsonian, Regional, Local):	NCU, US		

### SPECIALIST IDENTIFICATION

Identified by (name and organizational affiliation):		E. DRISKILL, NCBG	
Material Identified:	(In Field) From Pressed Specimen on Day of Collection	Date Identified (MM/DD/YY):	09/23/15
	From Pressed Specimen on Another Date		From Photograph

### PRE-COLLECTION CHECKLIST

This section is for your reference only and not required as part of the data collected by the SOS National Coordinating Office. The conditions indicated in **boldface** describe ideal population size and seed dispersal stage for seed collecting.

<b>Assess Population &amp; Seed Dispersal Stage</b>			
Approximate area of population:	x	(feet, yards, miles.....)	
Approximate total number of individual plants present and accessible:	0-50	50-500	500-5000 > 5000
Evidence of disturbance or damage:	Resown	Burnt	Sprayed <b>No damage</b>
Readiness of population for collecting: give percentages or circle the most frequently occurring:	Vegetative	In flower	Immature seeds <b>Around natural dispersal</b> Post dispersal
Estimate the number of individual plants at natural dispersal stage:	<50	<b>&gt;50</b>	
Is the population:	<b>A single population</b> A population with distinct sub-populations (Can you sample separately or from the most suitable?)		
<b>Assess Seed Quality &amp; Availability</b>			
On a typical individual, where on the plant/branch/fruit is the seed at natural dispersal stage:	<b>Recognized</b>		
Using a cut test on the seeds at this stage, give percentages or circle the most frequently occurring:	<b>Healthy</b>	Insect-damaged	Empty Moldy Malformed/other damage
Estimate the number of healthy seeds per fruit:			
Estimate the number of fruits per individual plant:			
<b>Should Seed Be Collected On This Trip?</b>			
Using the above information, if you only collect 20% of the healthy seeds available today, will this result in a collection of <b>&gt;10,000</b> healthy seeds?			